Seward Bird BINGO & Facts!

| Steller's Jay: can mimic the call of other birds. Only jay with a crest. | Pigeon Giullemot: A group is known as a bazaar, same family as puffins | Black Billed Magpie: trainable as pets, same family as jays | Common Murre: deepest diving bird at up to 590 ft | Varied Thrush: song is a humming whistle, very hard to find |
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| Marbled Murrelet: nest in the moss of old growth trees | Tufted Puffin: tufts are only for breeding. Digs burrows into cliffs for nesting. | American Dipper: only aquatic song bird. Can run under water in streams. | Barrow's Goldeneye: Females may lay eggs in other females nests to be raised by them | Harlequin Duck: Winters along coastlines with crashing surf. |
| Pelagic Cormorant White on rump Double Crested Cormorant has white crests | Surf Scoter: wings make humming sound in flight | Black Legged Kittiwake Winters out at sea, nests on cliffs | Arctic Tern: Breeds in Arctic, winters in Antarctic, longest bird migration | Glaucous Wing Gulls Hybridize with Herring Gulls |
| Horned Puffin: nests in rock crevasses of cliffs. All puffins only come to land once a year to breed | Violet/Green Swallow: will migrate south by August. Catch bugs in the air. | Mew Gull: the only "white-headed" gull that uses trees for nesting. | Semi-palmated plover: palmated means webbing between the toes. Seen running along shorelines. | Black Oystercatcher: lays black and white speckled eggs directly on rocks of beaches. |
| Kittlitz's Murrelet Prefers tidewater glacier habitat | Bald Eagle: live about 20 years. 3-5 years before balding | Brown Creeper: climb trees looking behind bark for bugs | Pine Grosbeak: has a pouch for food transport when nesting | Raven: much larger than crows, one of the worlds smartest animals |